

BLUE ABYSS

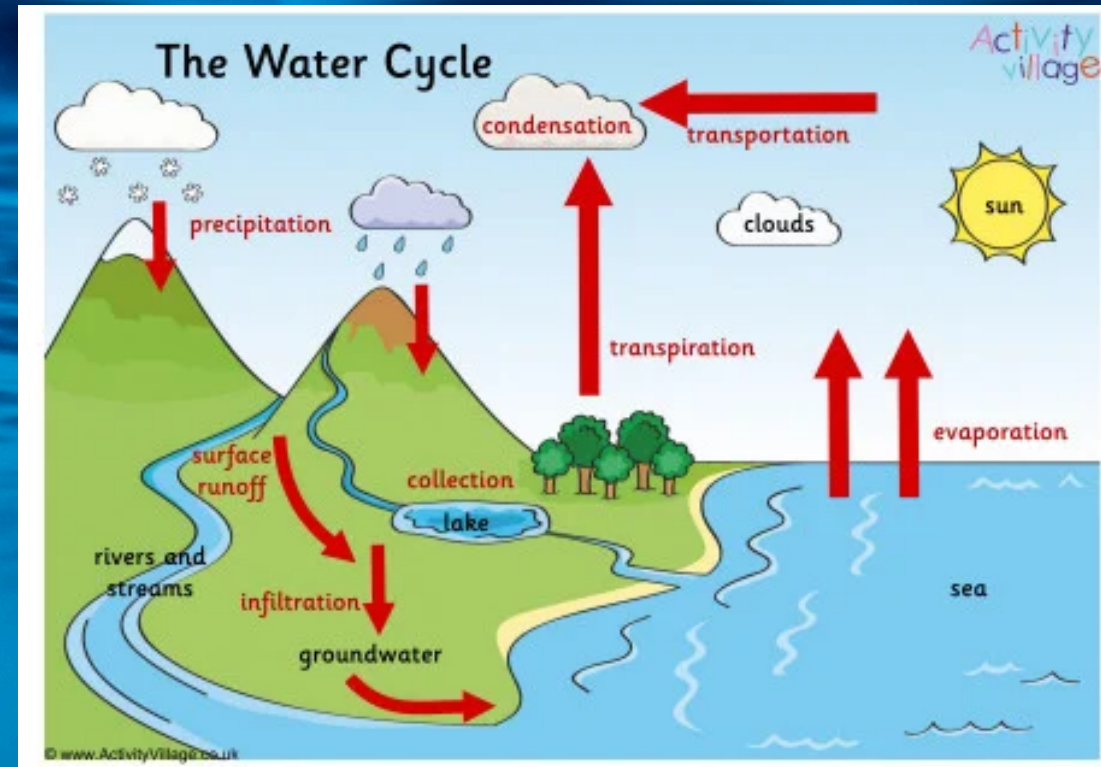
SCIENCE

GEOGRAPHY

ART

HISTORY

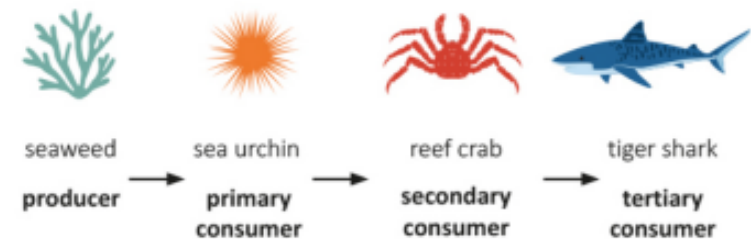
The Five Oceans



Oceans are the largest continuous bodies of saltwater on earth, covering vast areas surrounding continents.

Seas are smaller partially enclosed bodies of saltwater, usually located where oceans meet land.

Ocean life refers to all the plants, animals and other organisms that live in the salty water of the Earth's oceans. These creatures can be classified into different groups based on their type (Like fish, mammals) or how they live (like Plankton)



Sticky Knowledge:



BLUE ABYSS



Batik

Batik is a craft where you make designs on fabric using wax and dye. Imagine drawing with wax to protect parts of the fabric from the dye, then dyeing the cloth, and finally removing the wax to reveal the patterned design. It's like a special kind of painting on fabric!

Where Is the Great Barrier Reef?

The Great Barrier Reef is a huge living formation in Australia. It has 2900 reefs and 900 islands.

How Big Is the Great Barrier Reef?

The Great Barrier Reef is 2600 km long. It is not only the world's largest reef but also the world's largest living structure

Sticky Knowledge:



HMS Challenger is most famously known for the 1872-1876 scientific expedition that explored the world's oceans. This voyage, which was the first to explore the deep sea globally, resulted in numerous scientific discoveries and laid the foundation for modern oceanography.

Vocabulary:

Vocabulary	Definition
Evaporation	When a liquid turns into a gas.
Condensation	When water vapor in the air cools down and turns back into tiny drops of liquid water
Precipitation	When water falls from the sky as rain, snow, sleet, hail, or drizzle.
Water cycle	A big journey where water travels around the earth.
Food chain	How energy moves through living things, from plants to animals.
Classification	The process of organizing things into groups.
Fish	Aquatic animals with backbones, gills, and fins that breathe underwater.
Mammals	Warm-blooded animal with hair or fur, a backbone, and lungs. Mammals are also known for producing milk to feed their young.
Invertebrates	Invertebrates are animals without a backbone.
Environmental concerns	Harmful effects of human activities on the environment.
Adapt	A change in an animal or plant that helps it to survive in its environment
Camouflage	The way some animals are coloured or shaped to blend in with their natural surroundings
Coral	Marine invertebrates that live in large colonies and produce a hard exoskeleton
Habitat	The natural environment where a plant or animal normally lives

Sticky Knowledge:

