

Curriculum - Music

Knowledge, Skills & Vocabulary Progression

Listen and Appraise (EYFS) Listen and Respond

(EYFS) Listen and Respond									
Strand	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
Knowledge	To know twenty nursery rhymes off by heart. To know the stories of some of the nursery rhymes.	To know 5 songs off by heart. To know what the songs are about. To know and recognise the sound and names of some of the instruments they use.	To know five songs off by heart. To know some songs have a chorus or a response/answer part. To know that songs have a musical style.	To know five songs from memory and who sang them or wrote them. To know the style of the five songs. To choose one song and be able to talk about: O Its lyrics: what the song is about O Any musical dimensions featured in the song, and where they are used (texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm and pitch) O Identify the main sections of the song (introduction, verse, chorus etc.) O Name some of the instruments they heard in the song	To know five songs from memory and who sang them or wrote them. To know the style of the five songs. To choose one song and be able to talk about: Some of the style indicators of that song (musical characteristics that give the song its style). The lyrics: what the song is about. Any musical dimensions featured in the song and where they are used (texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm and pitch). Identify the main sections of the song (introduction, verse, chorus etc). Name some of the instruments they heard in the song.	● To know five songs from memory, who sang or wrote them, when they were written and, if possible, why? ● To know the style of the five songs and to name other songs from the Units in those styles. ● To choose two or three other songs and be able to talk about: O Some of the style indicators of the songs (musical characteristics that give the songs their style) O The lyrics: what the songs are about O Any musical dimensions featured in the songs and where they are used (texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm and pitch) O Identify the main sections of the songs (intro, verse, chorus etc.) O Name some of the instruments they heard in the songs O The historical context of the songs. What else was going on at this time?	● To know five songs from memory, who sang or wrote them, when they were written and why? ● To know the style of the songs and to name other songs from the Units in those styles. ● To choose three or four other songs and be able to talk about: o The style indicators of the songs (musical characteristics that give the songs their style) o The lyrics: what the songs are about o Any musical dimensions featured in the songs and where they are used (texture, dynamics, tempo, rhythm, pitch and timbre) o Identify the structure of the songs (intro, verse, chorus etc.) o Name some of the instruments used in the songs o The historical context of the songs. What else was going on at this time, musically and historically? o Know and talk about that fact that we each have a musical identity		

Games

(EYFS)Explore and Create (Musical Activities)

Strand	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Knowledge	To know that we can move with the pulse of the music. • To know that the words of songs can tell stories and paint pictures.	 To know that music has a steady pulse, like a heartbeat. To know that we can create rhythms from words, our names, favourite food, colours and animals. 	 To know that music has a steady pulse, like a heartbeat. To know that we can create rhythms from words, our names, favourite food, colours and animals. Rhythms are different from the steady pulse. We add high and low sounds, pitch, when we sing and play our instruments 	Know how to find and demonstrate the pulse. Know the difference between pulse and rhythm. Know how pulse, rhythm and pitch work together to create a song. Know that every piece of music has a pulse/steady beat. Know the difference between a musical question and an answer.	Know and be able to talk about: How pulse, rhythm and pitch work together Pulse: Finding the pulse – the heartbeat of the music Rhythm: the long and short patterns over the pulse Know the difference between pulse and rhythm Pitch: High and low sounds that create melodies How to keep the internal pulse Musical Leadership: creating musical ideas for the group to copy or respond to	Know and be able to talk about: How pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, texture and structure work together and how they connect in a song How to keep the internal pulse Musical Leadership: creating musical ideas for the group to copy or respond to	Know and be able to talk about: How pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, texture and structure work together to create a song or music How to keep the internal pulse Musical Leadership: creating musical ideas for the group to copy or respond to
Skill	There are progressive Music Activities within each unit that embed pulse, rhythm and pitch. Children listen to and work with the Games Track to complete the following in relation to the main song: • Activity A Games Track FInd the pulse by copying a character in a nursery rhyme, imagining a similar character or object and finding different ways to keep the pulse. • Activity B Copycat Rhythm	There are progressive Warm-up Games and Challenges within each Unit that embed pulse, rhythm and pitch. Children will complete the following in relation to the main song: • Game 1 – Have Fun Finding The Pulse! Find the pulse. Choose an animal and find the pulse • Game 2 – Rhythm Copy Back Listen to the rhythm and clap back. Copy back short rhythmic phrases	There are progressive Warm-up Games and Challenges within each Unit that embed pulse, rhythm and pitch. Children will complete the following in relation to the main song: • Game 1 – Have Fun Finding the Pulse! Find the pulse. Choose an animal and find the pulse. • Game 2 – Rhythm Copy Back Listen to the rhythm and clap back. Copy back short rhythmic phrases	Using the Warm up Games tracks provided, complete the Bronze, Silver and Gold Challenges. Children will complete the following in relation to the main song, using two notes: 1. Find the Pulse 2. Rhythm Copy Back: a. Bronze: Clap and say back rhythms b. Silver: Create your own simple rhythm patterns c. Gold: Perhaps lead the class using their simple rhythms	Using the Warm up Games tracks provided, complete the Bronze, Silver and Gold Challenges. Children will complete the following in relation to the main song, using two notes: 1. Find the Pulse 2. Rhythm Copy Back: a. Bronze: Clap and say back rhythms b. Silver: Create your own simple rhythm patterns c. Gold: Perhaps lead the class using their simple rhythms	Using the Warm up Games tracks provided, complete the Bronze, Silver and Gold Challenges. Children will complete the following in relation to the main song, using three notes: Bronze Challenge Find the pulse Copy back rhythms based on the words of the main song, that include syncopation/off beat Copy back one-note riffs using simple and syncopated rhythm	Using the Warm up Games tracks provided, complete the Bronze, Silver and Gold Challenges. Children will complete the following in relation to the main song, using three notes: • Bronze Challenge o Find the pulse o Copy back rhythms based on the words of the main song, that include syncopation/off beat o Copy back one-note riffs using simple and syncopated rhythm patterns • Silver Challenge o Find the

Copy basic rhythm of single words, but short phrases from the song/s. • Activity C High and Explore high and It voices and sounds characters in the songs. Listen to his and low-pitched suglockenspiel. • Activity D Create Sounds Invent a pattern us pitched note, keep throughout with a single note to create simple 2 patterns to accompany the sounds Invention Activity Adding a 2-note may the rhythm of the Playing with two pinotes to inventime patterns.	and two syllables whilst marching to the steady beat. • Game 3 – Rhythm Copy Back, Your Turn Create rhythms for others to copy • Game 4 – Pitch Copy Back and Vocal Warm-up 1 Listen and sing back. Use your voices to copy back using 'la', whist marching to the steady beat the pulse and begin note and begin note some different vocal warm-ups. Use your voices to copy back using 'la'. elody to words. tched	create rhythms for others to copy. ● Game 4 – Pitch Copy Back and Vocal Warm-up 1 Listen and sing back. Use your voices to copy back using 'la', whilst	3. Pitch Copy Back Using 2 Notes a. Bronze: Copy back — 'Listen and sing back' (no notation) b. Silver: Copy back with instruments, without then with notation c. Gold: Copy back with instruments, without and then with notation 4. Pitch Copy Back and Vocal Warm-ups	3. Pitch Copy Back Using 2 Notes a. Bronze: Copy back — 'Listen and sing back' (no notation) b. Silver: Copy back with instruments, without then with notation c. Gold: Copy back with instruments, without and then with notation 4. Pitch Copy Back and Vocal Warm-ups	patterns • Silver Challenge O Find the pulse O Lead the class by inventing rhythms for others to copy back O Copy back two-note riffs by ear and with notation O Question and answer using two different notes • Gold Challenge O Find the pulse O Lead the class by inventing rhythms for them to copy back O Copy back three-note riffs by ear and with notation O Question and answer using three different notes	pulse o Lead the class by inventing rhythms for others to copy back o Copy back two-note riffs by ear and with notation o Question and answer using two different notes • Gold Challenge • Find the pulse • Lead the class by inventing rhythms for them to copy back • Copy back three-note riffs by ear and with notation • Question and answer using three different notes
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Singing

Strand	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Knowledge	To sing or rap nursery rhymes and simple songs from memory. Songs have sections.	To confidently sing or rap five songs from memory and sing them in unison.	 To confidently know and sing five songs from memory. To know that unison is everyone singing at the same time. Songs include other ways of using the voice e.g. rapping (spoken word). To know why we need to warm up our voices. 	To know and be able to talk about: Singing in a group can be called a choir Leader or conductor: A person who the choir or group follow Songs can make you feel different things e.g. happy, energetic or sad Singing as part of an ensemble or large group is fun, but that you must listen to each other To know why you must warm up your voice	To know and be able to talk about: Singing in a group can be called a choir Leader or conductor: A person who the choir or group follow Songs can make you feel different things e.g. happy, energetic or sad Singing as part of an ensemble or large group is fun, but that you must listen to each other Texture: How a solo singer makes a thinner texture than a large group To know why you must warm up your voice	To know and confidently sing five songs and their parts from memory, and to sing them with a strong internal pulse. To choose a song and be able to talk about: Its main features Singing in unison, the solo, lead vocal, backing vocals or rapping To know what the song is about and the meaning of the lyrics To know and explain the importance of warming up your voice	To know and confidently sing five songs and their parts from memory, and to sing them with a strong internal pulse. • To know about the style of the songs so you can represent the feeling and context to your audience • To choose a song and be able to talk about: o Its main features o Singing in unison, the solo, lead vocal, backing vocals or rapping o To know what the song is about and the meaning of the lyrics o To know and explain the importance of warming up your voice
Skill	To sing along with a pre- recorded song and add actions. To sing along with the backing track.	Learn about voices, singing notes of different pitches (high and low). Learn that they can make different types of sounds with their voices — you can rap or say words in rhythm. Learn to start and stop singing when following a leader.	Learn about voices singing notes of different pitches (high and low). Learn that they can make different types of sounds with their voices — you can rap (spoken word with rhythm). Learn to find a comfortable singing position. Learn to start and stop singing when following a leader	 To sing in unison and in simple two-parts. To demonstrate a good singing posture. To follow a leader when singing. To enjoy exploring singing solo. To sing with awareness of being 'in tune'. To have an awareness of the pulse internally when singing. 	 To sing in unison and in simple two-parts. To demonstrate a good singing posture. To follow a leader when singing. To enjoy exploring singing solo. To sing with awareness of being 'in tune'. To rejoin the song if lost. To listen to the group when singing. 	To sing in unison and to sing backing vocals. • To enjoy exploring singing solo. To listen to the group when singing. • To demonstrate a good singing posture. • To follow a leader when singing. • To experience rapping and solo singing. • To listen to each other and be aware of how you fit into the group. • To sing with awareness of being 'in tune'.	To sing in unison and to sing backing vocals. To demonstrate a good singing posture. To follow a leader when singing. To experience rapping and solo singing. To listen to each other and be aware of how you fit into the group. To sing with awareness of being 'in tune'.

Knowledge and Skills Progression Music										
Playing										
Strand	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
Knowledge		Learn the names of the notes in their instrumental part from memory or when written down. • Learn the names of the instruments they are playing	 Learn the names of the notes in their instrumental part from memory or when written down. Know the names of untuned percussion instruments played in class. 	To know and be able to talk about: • The instruments used in class (a glockenspiel, a recorder)	To know and be able to talk about: • The instruments used in class (a glockenspiel, recorder or xylophone). • Other instruments they might play or be played in a band or orchestra or by their friends.	To know and be able to talk about: • Different ways of writing music down – e.g. staff notation, symbols • The notes C, D, E, F, G, A, B + C on the treble stave • The instruments they might play or be played in a band or orchestra or by their friends	To know and be able to talk about: • Different ways of writing music down – e.g. staff notation, symbols • The notes C, D, E, F, G, A, B + C on the treble stave • The instruments they might play or be played in a band or orchestra or by their friends			
Skill		Treat instruments carefully and with respect. Play a tuned instrumental part with the song they perform. Learn to play an instrumental part that matches their musical challenge, using one of the differentiated parts (a onenote part, a simple part, medium part). Listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader.	Treat instruments carefully and with respect. Learn to play a tuned instrumental part that matches their musical challenge, using one of the differentiated parts (a onenote, simple or medium part). Play the part in time with the steady pulse. Listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader.	 To treat instruments carefully and with respect. Play any one, or all of four, differentiated parts on a tuned instrument − a one-note, simple or medium part or the melody of the song) from memory or using notation. To rehearse and perform their part within the context of the Unit song. To listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader. 	To treat instruments carefully and with respect. Play any one, or all four, differentiated parts on a tuned instrument – a one-note, simple or medium part or the melody of the song from memory or using notation. To rehearse and perform their part within the context of the Unit song. To listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader. To experience leading the playing by making sure everyone plays in the playing section of the song.	Play a musical instrument with the correct technique within the context of the Unit song. • Select and learn an instrumental part that matches their musical challenge, using one of the differentiated parts – a one-note, simple or medium part or the melody of the song from memory or using notation. • To rehearse and perform their part within the context of the Unit song. • To listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader. • To lead a rehearsal session.	Play a musical instrument with the correct technique within the context of the Unit song. • Select and learn an instrumental part that matches their musical challenge, using one of the differentiated parts – a onenote, simple or medium part or the melody of the song from memory or using notation. • To rehearse and perform their part within the context of the Unit song. • To listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader. • To lead a rehearsal session.			

Resilience

Improvisation

Strand	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
Knowledge		 Improvisation is about making up your own tunes on the spot. When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them. Everyone can improvise! 	Improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot. When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them. Everyone can improvise, and you can use one or two notes.	To know and be able to talk about improvisation: Improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them To know that using one or two notes confidently is better than using five To know that if you improvise using the notes you are given, you cannot make a mistake	To know and be able to talk about improvisation: Improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them. To know that using one or two notes confidently is better than using five To know that if you improvise using the notes you are given, you cannot make a mistake To know that you can use some of the riffs you have heard in the Challenges in your improvisations	To know and be able to talk about improvisation: Improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them. To know that using one or two notes confidently is better than using five To know that if you improvise using the notes you are given, you cannot make a mistake To know that you can use some of the riffs you have heard in the Challenges in your improvisations To know three well-known improvising musicians	To know and be able to talk about improvisation: Improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot When someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them. To know that using one, two or three notes confidently is better than using five To know that if you improvise using the notes you are given, you cannot make a mistake To know that you can use some of the riffs and licks you have learnt in the Challenges in your improvisations To know three well-known improvising musicians			
Skill		Use the improvisation tracks provided. Improvise using the three challenges: 1. Clap and Improvise – Listen and clap back, then listen and clap your own answer (rhythms of words).	Use the improvisation tracks provided. Improvise using the three challenges: 1. Clap and Improvise — Listen and clap back, then listen and clap your own answer (rhythms of words).	Improvise using instruments in the context of the song they are learning to perform. Using the improvisation tracks provided, children will complete the Bronze, Silver or Gold Challenges:	Improvise using instruments in the context of a song they are learning to perform. Use the improvisation tracks provided and improvise using the Bronze, Silver or Gold Challenges.	Improvise using instruments in the context of a song to be performed. Use the improvisation tracks provided and improvise using the Bronze, Silver or Gold Challenges. 1. Play and Copy Back	Improvise using instruments in the context of a song to be performed. Use the improvisation tracks provided and improvise using the Bronze, Silver or Gold Challenges. 1. Play and Copy Back o Bronze – Copy			

 	 	<u></u>	T			
	2. Sing, Play and Improvise –	2. Sing, Play and Improvise –	Bronze Challenge:	Bronze Challenge:	 Bronze – Copy back using 	back using instruments. Use
	Use voices and instruments,	Use voices and instruments,	○ Copy Back – Listen and sing	o Copy Back – Listen and	instruments. Use one note.	one note. ○ Silver – Copy
	listen and	listen and sing	back	sing back melodic patterns	Silver – Copy back using	back using instruments. Use
	sing back, then listen and	back, then listen and play	Play and Improvise – Using	o Play and Improvise – Using	instruments. Use the two	the two notes. O Gold –
	play your own answer using	your own answer using one	instruments, listen and play	instruments, listen and play	notes.	Copy back using
	one or two	or two notes.	your	your own answer using one note.	○ Gold – Copy back using	instruments. Use the three
	notes. 3. Improvise! – Take it in	3. Improvise! – Take it in	own answer using one note. O Improvise! — Take it in	own answer using one note. o Improvise! – Take it in	instruments. Use the three	notes. 2. Play and Improvise
	turns to improvise using one	turns to improvise using one	turns to improvise using one	turns to improvise using one	notes.	You will be using up to three
	or two notes.	or two notes.	note.	note.	2. Play and Improvise You	notes: ○ Bronze – Question
	or two notes.		• Silver Challenge:	Silver Challenge:	will be using up to three	and Answer using
			Sing, Play and Copy Back —	o Sing, Play and Copy Back –	notes:	instruments. Use one note
			Listen and copy back using	Listen and copy back using	○ Bronze – Question and	in your answer. O Silver –
			instruments, using two	instruments, using two	Answer using instruments.	Question and Answer using
			different notes.	different notes.	Use one	instruments. Use two notes
			 Play and Improvise – Using 	O Play and Improvise – Using	note in your answer.	in your answer. Always start
			your instruments, listen and	your instruments, listen and	○ Silver – Question and	on a G. ○ Gold – Question
			play	play	Answer using instruments.	and Answer using
			your own answer using one	your own answer using one	Use two	instruments. Use three
			or two notes.	or two notes.	notes in your answer. Always	notes in your answer.
			○ Improvise! – Take it in	o Improvise! – Take it in	start on a G.	Always start on a G. 3.
			turns to improvise using one	turns to improvise using one	o Gold – Question and	Improvisation! You will be
			or two	or two	Answer using instruments.	using up to three notes. The
			notes. • Gold Challenge:	notes. ● Gold Challenge:	Use three	notes will be provided on-
			Gold Challenge: Sing, Play and Copy Back —	Gold Challenge: Sing, Play and Copy Back —	notes in your answer. Always	screen and in the lesson
			Listen and copy back using	Listen and copy back using	start on a G.	plan: O Bronze – Improvise
			instruments, two different	instruments, two different	3. Improvisation! You will be	using one note. O Silver –
			notes.	notes.	using up to three notes. The	Improvise using two notes.
			o Play and Improvise – Using	o Play and Improvise – Using	notes will be	o Gold – Improvise using
			your instruments, listen and	your instruments, listen and	provided on-screen and in	three notes. Classroom Jazz
			play	play	the lesson plan:	2 – Improvise with a feeling
			your own answer using two	your own answer using two	O Bronze – Improvise using	for the style of Bossa Nova
			different notes.	different notes.	one note.	and Swing using the notes
			○ Improvise! – Take it in	o Improvise! – Take it in	one note. O Silver – Improvise using	
			turns to improvise using	turns to improvise using	,	D, E, G, A + B (pentatonic
			three different	three different	two notes.	scale/a five-note pattern)
			notes.	notes.	O Gold – Improvise using	
					three notes.	
					Classroom Jazz 2 – Improvise	
					with a feeling for the style of	
					Bossa Nova and	

		Swing using the notes D, E, G, A + B (pentatonic scale/a five-note pattern)	

Composition

Strand	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Knowledge		Composing is like writing a story with music. Everyone can compose.	Composing is like writing a story with music. • Everyone can compose.	To know and be able to talk about: • A composition: music that is created by you and kept in some way. It's like writing a story. It can be played or performed again to your friends. • Different ways of recording compositions (letter names, symbols, audio etc.)	To know and be able to talk about: • A composition: music that is created by you and kept in some way. It's like writing a story. It can be played or performed again to your friends. • Different ways of recording compositions (letter names, symbols, audio etc.)	To know and be able to talk about: • A composition: music that is created by you and kept in some way. It's like writing a story. It can be played or performed again to your friends. • A composition has pulse, rhythm and pitch that work together and are shaped by tempo, dynamics, texture and structure • Notation: recognise the connection between sound and symbol	To know and be able to talk about: • A composition: music that is created by you and kept in some way. It's like writing a story. It can be played or performed again to your friends. • A composition has pulse, rhythm and pitch that work together and are shaped by tempo, dynamics, texture and structure • Notation: recognise the connection between sound and symbol
Skill		Help to create a simple melody using one, two or three notes. • Learn how the notes of the composition can be written down and changed if necessary.	Help create three simple melodies with the Units using one, three or five different notes. Learn how the notes of the composition can be written down and changed if necessary.	Help create at least one simple melody using one, three or five different notes. • Plan and create a section of music that can be performed within the context of the unit song. • Talk about how it was created. • Listen to and reflect upon the developing composition and make musical decisions about pulse, rhythm, pitch, dynamics and tempo. • Record the composition in any way appropriate that recognises the	Help create at least one simple melody using one, three or all five different notes. Plan and create a section of music that can be performed within the context of the unit song. Talk about how it was created. Listen to and reflect upon the developing composition and make musical decisions about pulse, rhythm, pitch, dynamics and tempo. Record the composition in any way appropriate that recognises the	Create simple melodies using up to five different notes and simple rhythms that work musically with the style of the Unit song. • Explain the keynote or home note and the structure of the melody. • Listen to and reflect upon the developing composition and make musical decisions about how the melody connects with the song. • Record the composition in any way appropriate that recognises the	Create simple melodies using up to five different notes and simple rhythms that work musically with the style of the Unit song. • Explain the keynote or home note and the structure of the melody. • Listen to and reflect upon the developing composition and make musical decisions about how the melody connects with the song. • Record the composition in any way appropriate that recognises the connection between sound and symbol (e.g. graphic/pictorial notation).

	connection between sound and symbol (e.g. graphic/pictorial notation).	connection between sound and symbol (e.g. graphic/pictorial notation).	connection between sound and symbol (e.g. graphic/pictorial notation).	

Performance

(EYFS) Share and Perform

Strand	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Knowledge	• A performance is sharing music.	A performance is sharing music with other people, called an audience.	 A performance is sharing music with an audience. A performance can be a special occasion and involve a class, a year group or a whole school. An audience can include your parents and friends 	To know and be able to talk about: Performing is sharing music with other people, an audience A performance doesn't have to be a drama! It can be to one person or to each other You need to know and have planned everything that will be performed You must sing or rap the words clearly and play with confidence A performance can be a special occasion and involve an audience including of people you don't know It is planned and different for each occasion It involves communicating feelings, thoughts and ideas about the	To know and be able to talk about: Performing is sharing music with other people, an audience A performance doesn't have to be a drama! It can be to one person or to each other You need to know and have planned everything that will be performed You must sing or rap the words clearly and play with confidence A performance can be a special occasion and involve an audience including of people you don't know It is planned and different for each occasion It involves communicating feelings, thoughts and ideas about the song/music	To know and be able to talk about: Performing is sharing music with other people, an audience A performance doesn't have to be a drama! It can be to one person or to each other Everything that will be performed must be planned and learned You must sing or rap the words clearly and play with confidence A performance can be a special occasion and involve an audience including of people you don't know It is planned and different for each occasion A performance involves communicating ideas, thoughts and feelings about the song/music	be to one person or to each other • Everything that will be performed must be planned and learned • You must sing or rap the words clearly and play with confidence • A performance can be a special occasion and involve an audience including of
Skill	Perform any of the nursery rhymes by singing and adding actions or dance. • Perform any nursery rhymes or songs adding a simple instrumental part. • Record the performance to talk about.	Choose a song they have learnt from the Scheme and perform it. They can add their ideas to the performance. Record the performance and say how they were feeling about it.	 Choose a song they have learnt from the Scheme and perform it. They can add their ideas to the performance. Record the performance and say how they were feeling about it. 	To choose what to perform and create a programme. To communicate the meaning of the words and clearly articulate them. To talk about the best place to be when performing and how to stand or sit.	To choose what to perform and create a programme. Present a musical performance designed to capture the audience. To communicate the meaning of the words and clearly articulate them.	 To choose what to perform and create a programme. To communicate the meaning of the words and clearly articulate them. To talk about the venue and how to use it to best effect. 	To choose what to perform and create a programme. • To communicate the meaning of the words and clearly articulate them. • To talk about the venue and how to use it to best effect.

		• To record the performance and say how they were feeling, what they were pleased with what they would change and why.	place to be when performing and how to stand	and compare it to a previous performance. ■ To discuss and talk musically about it – "What went well?" and "It would have been even better.	To record the performance and compare it to a previous performance. To discuss and talk musically about it – "What went well?" and "It would have been even better if?"
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	Key Vocabulary											
Pulse	a capella	decks	offbeat	structure/form/shape								
Rhythm	appraising	drumloops	original	style								
Pitch	arrangement	dynamics	ostinato	style indicators								
Tempo	back beat	ending	outro	syncopation								
Dynamics	backing	ensemble	pentatonic scale	tag								
Timbre	balance	groove	performing	tempo								
Texture	ballad	harmony	phrase	texture								
Structure	band	hook	pitch	timbre.								
	bridge/middle 8	improvise	pre-chorus	urban contemporary								
	chord	interlude	pulse/beat	verse								
	chorus	introduction	recurring theme									
	coda	lyrics	rhythm									
	cover	melody	patterns.									
	composing	melodic	riff									
	crossover	notation	roots reggae									
			sampling									
			secular									
			solo									

Musical Progression – KS1



Units of Work					Differentiate	d Instrumental	Progression	Progre	ssion for Improv	visation	Progression for Composition					
Year	Term	Unit Title	Key	Easy note range (concert)	Medium note range (concert)	Melody note range (concert)	Easy note values	Medium note values	Melody note values	Easy	Medium	More difficult	Easy	Medium	More difficult	
1	Autumn 1	Hey You!	С	С	C,G	C,G	Crotchets	Crotchets	Semi-quavers, Quavers and Crotchets	C,D	C,D,E	C,D,E,F,G	C,D	C,D,E	C,D,E,F,G	
1	Autumn 2	Rhythm In The Way We Walk and Banana Rap	С			Singing and p	erforming only			Singin	g and performin	g only	Singing and performing only			
1	Spring 1	In The Groove	с	C,D	C,D	C,G,A,C	Crotchets	Crotchets	Quavers and Crotchets	C,D	C,D,E	C,D,E,F,G	C,D	C,D,E	C,D,E,F,G	
1	Spring 2	Round And Round	D Minor	C,D,F	D,E,F,G,A	D,E,F,G,A,B	Semibreves	Crotchets and Minims	Crochets, Minims and Quavers	D,E	D,E,F	D,E,F,G,A	Not applicable			
1	Summer 1	Your Imagination	С	G	CEG	EGA	Semibreves	Crotchets, Minims and Semibreves	Crotchets, Quavers, Minims and Semibreves	C,D using instruments and/or clap and sing			C,D	C,D,E	C,D,E,G,A	
1	Summer 2	Reflect, Rewind And Replay			Cons	olidation and Re	evision			Consc	olidation and Re	vision	Consolidation and Revision			
2	Autumn 1	Hands, Feet, Heart	с	G,A,C	G,A,B,C	F,G,A,B,C	Crotchets	Minims	Quavers and Crotchets	C,D	C,D,E	C,D,E,F,G	C,D	C,D,E	C,D,E,F,G	
2	Autumn 2	Но Но Но	G	C,E,G	B,A,G	N/a	Crotchets and rests	Crotchers and rests	Not applicable		Not applicable			Not applicable		
2	Spring 1	I Wanna Play In A Band	F	C,D	C,F,G	C,D,F	Minims	Minims	Quavers and Crotchets	F,G	F,G,A	F,G,A,C,D	F,G	F,G,A	F,G,A,C,D	
2	Spring 2	Zootime	с	C,D	C,D	C,D	Crotchets	Crotchets	Quavers and Crotchets	C,D	C,D,E	C,D,E,F,G	C,D	C,D,E	C,D,E,F,G	
2	Summer 1	Friendship Song	С	G,E	E,G,A,B	C,D,E,F,G,A,B	Crotchet, Dotted Minim and Rests	Crotchets and Rests	Crotchets, Quvers , Minims	С	C,D	C,D	C,D	C,D,E	C,D,E,G,A	
2	Summer 2	nmer 2 Reflect, Rewind And Replay Consolidation and Revision									olidation and Re	vision	Consc	olidation and Re	vision	
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Musical Progression – KS2



Units of Work				Differentiate	d Instrumental	Progression			Progression for Improvisation			Progression for Composition			
Year	Term	Unit Title	Key	Easy note range (concert)	Medium note range (concert)	Melody note range (concert)	Easy note values	Medium note values	Melody note values	Easy	Medium	More difficult	Easy	Medium	More difficult
3	Autumn 1	Let Your Spirit Fly	С	C,F,C	E,F,G,A,B,C	N/a	Semibreves and rests	Minims and rests	Not applicable		Not applicable			Not applicable	
3	Autumn 2	Glockenspiel 1	Multiple songs	C,D,E,F	C,D,E,F	C,D,E,F	Crotchets and Minims and rests	N/a	N/a	C, D	C, D	N/a	C,D,E,F	C,D,E,F	N/a
3	Spring 1	Three Little Birds	G	G	B,C	G,A,B,C,D,E,F	Crotchets and rests	Crotchets and rests	Quavers, Crotchets, Minims and rests	G,A	G,A,B	G,A,B,D,E	G,A	G,A,B	G,A,B,D,E
3	Spring 2	The Dragon Song	G	G	G,A,B	B,C,D,E,F,G	Crotchets and Minims	Crotchets and Minims	N/a	С	C,D	C,D,E	G,A	G,A,B	D,E,G,A,B
3	Summer 1	Bringing Us Together	с	с	G,A,C	G,A,C	Minims and Minim rests	Minims, Crotchet rests and Quavers	Crotchets and rests, Quavers, Dotted Quavers	С	C sometimes A	C and A	C,A	C,A,G	C,D,E,G,A
3	Summer 2	Reflect, Rewind And Replay			Consc	olidation and Re	evision			Consolidation and Revision			Consolidation and Revision		
4	Autumn 1	Mamma Mia	G	G	G,A	G,A,B,C	Crotchets	Crotchets	Quavers, Crotchets	G,A	G,A,B	G,A,B,D,E	G,A	G,A,B	G,A,B,D,E
4	Autumn 2	Glockenspiel 2	Multiple songs	C,D,E,F,G	C,D,E,F,G	C,D,E,F,G	Semibreves and rests	Crotchets, Minims and rests	Quavers, Crotchets, Minims, Semibreves and rests	N/a	N/a	N/a	C,D,E	C,D,E	C,D,E
4	Spring 1	Stop!			Singing, rap	oping and lyric	composition			Singing, rapping and lyric composition			Singing, rapping and lyric composition		
4	Spring 2	Lean On Me	с	C,F	E,F,G	G,A,B,C,D	Crotchets	Minims	Quavers, Crochets, Dotted Crotchets and Minims	C,D	C,D,E	C,D,E,F,G	C,D	C,D,E	C,D,E,F,G
4	Summer 1	Blackbird	с	D,C	C,D,E	C,D,E,F,G	Dotted Minims, Minims, Semibreves	Crotchets, Smibreves, Minims	N/A	С	C,D	C,D,E	C,D	C,D,E	C,D,E,G,A
4	Summer 2	Reflect, Rewind And Replay		Consolidation and Revision							Consolidation and Revision Consolidation and				evision
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Musical Progression – KS2

	Units of	Work			Differentiate	d Instrumental	Progression			Progression for Improvisation			Progression for Composition		
Year	Term	Unit Title	Key	Easy note range (concert)	Medium note range (concert)	Melody note range (concert)	Easy note values	Medium note values	Melody note values	Easy	Medium	More difficult	Easy	Medium	More difficult
5	Autumn 1	Livin' On A Prayer	G	G,A,B	D,E,F#,G	D,E,F#,G,A,B, C	Minims	Crotchets and Minims	Quavers, Crotchets, Dotted Crotchets and Quavers	GA	G,A,B	G,A,B,D,E	D,E or G,A	G,A,B or D,E, F#	G,A,B or D,E, F#,G,A
5	Autumn 2	Classroom Jazz 1	G	G,A,B	D,E,G,A,B	D,E,F,G,A,B	Crotchets and rests	Crotchets and rests	Crotchets and rests	G,A	G,A,B	G,A,B	Not applicable		
5	Spring 1	Make You Feel My Love	С	C,D	G,A,BC	B,C,D,E,F,G	Minims	Crotchets, Minims and Semibreves	Quavers and Crotchets	G,A	G,A,B	G,A,B,C,D	G,A,	G,A,B	G,A,B,C,D
5	Spring 2	The Fresh Prince Of Bel-Air	A Minor	D,A	ĄG	C,D,E,F,G,A	Minims	Quavers, Crotchets	Quavers, Minims and Semibreves	D,E	D,E,F	D,E,F,G,A	D,E	D,E,F	D,E,F,G,A
5	Summer 1	Dancing In The Street	F Major	F	F, G	D,F,G,A	Semibreves	Quavers, Crotchets and rests	Quavers, Crotchets and rests	F	F,G	F,G,A	F,G	F,G,A	F,G,A,C,D
5	Summer 2	Reflect, Rewind And Replay			Consc	lidation and Re	evision			Consolidation and Revision			Consolidation and Revision		
6	Autumn 1	Нарру	C Major	GA	B,A,G	E,D,C,B,A,G,E	Minims and rests	Semibreves, Minims and rests	Quavers, Dotted Crotchets, Minims, Semibreves and rests	А	A,G	A,G,B	ĄG	A,G,B	C,E,G,A,B
6	Autumn 2	Classroom Jazz 2	C Major	C,D,E,F,G,A,B, C	C,D,E,F,G,A,B, C	C,D,E,F,G,A,B, C	Crotchets and Quavers	Crotchets and Quavers	Crotchets and Quavers	C,D,E	C,D,E,F,G	C,D,E,F,G,A,B, C		Not applicable	
			C Blues	C,Bb,G	C,Bb,G,F	C,Bb,G,F,C		Not applicable		C,Bb,G	C,Bb,G,F	C,Bb,G,F,C		Not applicable	
6	Spring 1	Benjamin Britten - New Year Carol	G	G,F	F,A,F	N/A	Minims and rests	Crotchets and Minims	Quavers, Minims and Semibreves	D,E	D,E,F	D,E,F,G,A	D,E,	D,E,F	D,E,F,G.A
6	Spring 2	Music And Identity	Coming soon												
6	Summer 1	You've Got A Friend	С	G.A.B	C,D,E	C,D,E,F,G,A,B	Minims and rests	Crotchets, Quavers, Minims, dotted notes and rests	Quavers, Dotted Crotchets, Minims, Dotted Minims	E	E,G	E,G,A	ĄG	A,G,E	E,G,A,C,D
6	Summer 2	Reflect, Rewind And Replay			Conso	lidation and Re	evision			Consolidation and Revision			Consolidation and Revision		